

**SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/enterprise**

**1.1. Product identifier**

Product name : ENDOZYM ICS 10 Rouge  
Product code: refer to sales department

**1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Enzyme preparations  
Sectors of use:  
Manufacture of food products[SU4]  
Product category:  
Technological adjuvant

Not recommended uses  
Do not use for purposes other than those listed

**1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

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## SECTION 2. Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:

GHS08

Hazard Class and Category Code(s):

Resp. Sens. 1

Hazard statement Code(s):

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

The product, if inhaled, can cause sensitization.

2.1.2 Additional information:

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements: see SECTION 16.

### 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Pictogram, Signal Word Code(s):

GHS08 - Danger

Hazard statement Code(s):

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

Precautionary statements:

Prevention

P261 - Avoid breathing vapours/spray.



P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

**Response**

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P342+P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.

**Contains:**

polygalacturonase, betaglucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3,  $\beta$ 1-6), pectin lyases

Ingredients: glycerol, polygalacturonase, potassium chloride, ammonium sulphate, betaglucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3,  $\beta$ 1-6), pectin lyases, potassium sorbate, water qs to 100.

Food use, oenological use. Not intended for the final consumer. In accordance with current regulations on the specific matter. Only for industrial use.

**2.3. Other hazards**

Based on the available data, no PBT or vPvB substances are present in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, annex XIII

Based on available data, there are no substances that interfere with the Endocrine System in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/2100

The use of this chemical agent implies the obligation of the "risk assessment" by the employer according to the provisions of Legislative Decree April 9, 2008 no. 81 and subsequent amendments. If the results of the risk assessment demonstrate that, in relation to the type, quantity, methods and frequency of exposure, there is only a low risk for the safety and irrelevant for the health of the workers and that the measures referred to in paragraph 1 of Legislative Decree April 9, 2008 no. 81 are sufficient to reduce the risk, the provisions of articles 225, 226, 229, 230 of the same Legislative Decree do not apply

**SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

**3.1 Substances**

Irrilevant

**3.2 Mixtures**

Substance	Concentration[ w/w]	Classification	IUB N°	CAS	EINECS	REACH
Glycerol substance for which there are Community workplace exposure limits	>= 25 < 50%			56-81-5	200-289-5	
polygalacturonase	>= 5 < 10%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Resp. Sens. 1, H334; STOT SE 3, H335	3.2.1.15	9032-75-1	232-885-6	

Substance	Concentration[ w/w]	Classification	IUB N°	CAS	EINECS	REACH
potassium chloride substance for which there are Community workplace exposure limits	>= 3 < 5%			7447-40-7	231-211-8	
Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3, $\beta$ 1-6)	>= 1 < 2,5%	Resp. Sens. 1, H334	3.2.1.6	62213-14-3	263-462-4	
pectin lyases	>= 0,1 < 1%	Resp. Sens. 1, H334	4.2.2.10	9033-35-6	232-894-5	

## SECTION 4. First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

Ventilate the area. Move immediately the contaminated patient from the area and keep him at rest in a well ventilated area. If you feel unwell seek medical advice.

#### Direct contact with skin (of the pure product):

Wash thoroughly with soap and running water.

#### Direct contact with eyes (of the pure product):

Rinse immediately under running water for 10 to 15 minutes, keeping the eyelid open. Remove contact lenses if worn and if they can be easily removed

#### Ingestion:

Drink water in sips. Consult a doctor in case of symptoms.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.

## SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suggested extinguishing media:

Water spray, CO<sub>2</sub>, foam, dry chemical, depending on the materials involved in the fire.

#### Extinguishing media to avoid:

Water jets. Use water jets only to cool the surfaces of the containers exposed to fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available.

### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Use protection for the breathing apparatus  
Safety helmet and full protective clothing.  
The water spray can be used to protect the people involved in the extinction.  
You may also use self-contained breathing apparatus, especially when working in confined and poorly ventilated areas.  
Keep containers cool with water spray

## **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel:  
Leave the area surrounding the spill or release. Do not smoke  
Wear gloves and protective clothing

6.1.2 For emergency responders:  
Eliminate all unguarded flames and possible sources of ignition. No smoking.  
Provide a sufficient ventilation.  
Evacuate the danger area and, in case, consult an expert.

### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Contain spills with earth or sand.  
If the product has entered a watercourse, sewers or has contaminated soil or vegetation, notify the authorities.  
Dispose of the waste material in compliance with the regulations

### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

6.3.1 Containment:  
Rapidly recover the product, wear a mask and protective clothing (for specifications refer to section 8.2. SDS)  
Recover the product for reuse, if possible, or for removal. Possibly absorb it with inert material or suck it.  
Prevent it from entering the sewer system.

6.3.2 Cleaning up:  
After wiping up, wash with water the area and materials involved

6.3.3 Other information:  
None in particular.

### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

Refer to paragraphs 8 and 13 for more information

## **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

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**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid contact and inhalation of vapors  
Handle the product after consulting all other sections of this safety data sheet.  
At work do not eat or drink.  
See also paragraph 8 below.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep in original container closed tightly. Do not store in open or unlabelled containers.  
Keep containers upright and safe by avoiding the possibility of falls or collisions.  
Store in its original sealed packaging away from light in a cool dry place free of odors, at a temperature < 20°C. Do not freeze. Batch number (BN) and Best before date (EXP): See Barcode.

**7.3. Specific end use(s)**

Manufacture of food products:  
Store in its original sealed packaging away from light in a cool dry place free of odors, at a temperature < 20°C. Do not freeze. Batch number (BN) and Best before date (EXP): See Barcode.

**SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

**8.1. Control parameters**

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Related to contained substances:

Glycerol:

Limit value - Eight hours

Australia 10 (1) mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Belgium 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Canada - Ontario 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Canada - Quebec 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Finland 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

France 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Germany (AGS) 200 (1) mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Germany (DFG) 200 (1) mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ireland 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

New Zealand 10 (1) mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Poland 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Singapore 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

South Africa Mining 10 ppm

South Korea 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Spain 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Switzerland 50 inhalable aerosols mg/m<sup>3</sup>

USA - OSHA 15 (1) mg/m<sup>3</sup>

5 (2) mg/m<sup>3</sup>

United Kingdom 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Limit value - Short-term

Germany (AGS) 400 (1)(2) mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Germany (DFG) 400 (1)(2) mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Switzerland 100 inhalable aerosols mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Remarks

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Australia (1) This value refers to inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.  
Germany (AGS) (1) Inhalable fraction (2) Average value 15 minutes  
Germany (DFG) (1) Inhalable fraction (2) Average value 15 minutes  
New Zealand (1) The value for inhalable dusts containing no asbestos and less than 1% free silica.  
USA - OSHA (1) Inhalable fraction (2) Breathable fraction

potassium chloride:  
Limit value - Eight hours  
Latvia: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

- Substance: Glycerol  
DNEL  
Systemic effects Long term Workers inhalation = 56 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
PNEC  
Sweet water = 0,885 (mg/l)  
sediment Sweet water = 3,3 (mg/kg/sediment)  
Sea water = 0,088 (mg/l)  
sediment Sea water = 0,33 (mg/kg/sediment)  
ground = 0,141 (mg/kg ground)

- Substance: polygalacturonase  
PNEC  
Sweet water = 0,0237 (mg/l)  
Sea water = 0,0237 (mg/l)  
STP = 65 (mg/l)  
ground = 0,00376 (mg/kg ground)

- Substance: potassium chloride  
DNEL  
Systemic effects Long term Workers inhalation = 1064 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Systemic effects Long term Workers dermal = 303 (mg/kg bw/day)  
Systemic effects Long term Consumers inhalation = 273 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Systemic effects Long term Consumers dermal = 182 (mg/kg bw/day)  
Systemic effects Long term Consumers oral = 91 (mg/kg bw/day)  
Systemic effects Short term Workers inhalation = 5320 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Systemic effects Short term Workers dermal = 910 (mg/kg bw/day)  
Systemic effects Short term Consumers inhalation = 1365 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Systemic effects Short term Consumers dermal = 910 (mg/kg bw/day)  
Systemic effects Short term Consumers oral = 455 (mg/kg bw/day)  
PNEC  
Sweet water = 0,1 (mg/l)  
Sea water = 0,1 (mg/l)  
STP = 10 (mg/l)

- Substance: Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3,  
 $\beta$ 1-6)  
PNEC  
Sweet water = 0,0052 (mg/l)  
Sea water = 0,00052 (mg/l)  
STP = 65 (mg/l)  
ground = 0,001 (mg/kg ground)

- Substance: pectin lyases

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**PNEC**

Sweet water = 0,052 (mg/l)

Sea water = 0,00052 (mg/l)

STP = 65 (mg/l)

ground = 0,001 (mg/kg ground)

**8.2. Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls:

Manufacture of food products:

No specific monitoring foreseen (act according to good practice and specific rules for the type of risk associated)



**8.2.2 Individual protection measures:**

(a) Eye / face protection

Not needed for normal use, unless otherwise provided by the employer and / or by assessments of environmental hygiene investigations.

(b) Skin protection

(i) Hand protection

Not needed for normal use, unless otherwise provided by the employer and / or by assessments of environmental hygiene investigations.

(ii) Other

Wear normal work clothing.

(c) Respiratory protection

Use adequate protective respiratory equipment (EN 14387:2008)

(d) Thermal hazards

No hazard to report

Environmental exposure controls:

Use according to good working practices and avoid to disperse the product into the environment.

**SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical and chemical properties	Value	Determination method
Physical state	Viscous liquid	
Colour	brune to brown	
Odour	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	
Odour threshold	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	



Physical and chemical properties	Value	Determination method
Melting point/freezing point	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	
Flammability	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	
Flash point	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	
Decomposition temperature	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	
pH	4,5 - 6,5	
Kinematic viscosity	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	
Solubility	in water	
Water solubility	miscible in all proportions	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	
Vapour pressure	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	
Density and/or relative density	0,950 - 1,300	
Relative vapour density	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	
Particle characteristics	not determined as considered not relevant for the characterization of the product	

## 9.2. Other information

### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Irrelevant

### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Irrelevant

## SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

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Related to contained substances:

Glycerol:

Reacts with: Strong acids. Strong foundations

polygalacturonase:  
Non pertinent.

potassium chloride:  
The product is not reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3, $\beta$ 1-6):  
Not relevant.

pectin lyases:  
The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

### **10.2. Chemical stability**

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

### **10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

There are no hazardous reactions

### **10.4. Conditions to avoid**

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Related to contained substances:  
Glycerol:  
Humidity

polygalacturonase:  
None.

potassium chloride:  
None under recommended storage and handling conditions.

Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3, $\beta$ 1-6):  
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

pectin lyases:  
None under recommended storage and handling conditions.

### **10.5. Incompatible materials**

None in particular.

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### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.

## SECTION 11. Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

ATE(mix) oral = ∞  
ATE(mix) dermal = ∞  
ATE(mix) inhal = ∞

(a) acute toxicity: Glycerol: Ingestion - LD50 rat (mg / kg / 24h bw): not available  
Skin contact - LC50 rat / rabbit (mg / kg / 24h bw): not available  
Inhalation - LD50 rat (mg / l / 4h): not available  
polygalacturonase: Ingestion - LD50 rat (mg / kg / 24h bw): nd  
Skin contact - LC50 rat / rabbit (mg / kg / 24h bw): nd  
Inhalation - LD50 rat (mg / l / 4h): nd  
potassium chloride: Ingestion - DL50 rat (mg / kg / 24h pc): 3020  
Contact avec la peau - CL50 rat / lapin (mg / kg / 24h pc): n.d.  
Inhalation - DL50 rat (mg / l / 4h): n.d.  
Beta-glucanase (β1-3,β1-6): Ingestion - LD50 rat (mg/kg/24h bw): > 2000  
Skin contact - LC50 rabbit (mg/kg/24h bw): nd  
Inhalation - LC50 rat (mg/l/4h): 2.42  
pectin lyases: Ingestion - LD50 rat (mg / kg / 24h bw): not available  
Skin contact - LC50 rat / rabbit (mg / kg / 24h bw): not available  
Inhalation - LD50 rat (mg / l / 4h): not available

(b) skincorrosion/irritation: Glycerol: Not classified  
polygalacturonase: Unavailable  
potassium chloride: Unclassified  
Beta-glucanase (β1-3, β1-6): Unavailable  
pectin lyases: Not corrosive  
Glycerol: Not classified  
polygalacturonase: Irritating  
potassium chloride: Unclassified  
Beta-glucanase (β1-3, β1-6): Not classified  
pectin lyases: Not irritating

(c) serious eye damage/irritation: Glycerol: Not classified  
polygalacturonase: Unavailable  
potassium chloride: Unclassified  
Beta-glucanase (β1-3,β1-6): Unavailable  
pectin lyases: Not corrosive  
Glycerol: Not classified  
polygalacturonase: Irritating  
potassium chloride: Unclassified  
Beta-glucanase (β1-3, β1-6): Unavailable  
pectin lyases: Not irritating

(d) respiratoryorskinsensitisation: The product, if inhaled, can cause sensitization.  
Glycerol: Not classified  
polygalacturonase: May cause sensitization by inhalation  
potassium chloride: Unclassified  
Beta-glucanase (β1-3, β1-6): Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction can occur upon subsequent exposure to very low levels.

pectin lyases: Sensitizer: May cause sensitization by inhalation.

(e) germ cell mutagenicity: Glycerol: Not classified  
polygalacturonase: Unavailable  
potassium chloride: Unclassified  
Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3,  $\beta$ 1-6): Not classified  
pectin lyases: Unavailable

(f) carcinogenicity: Glycerol: Not classified  
polygalacturonase: Unavailable  
potassium chloride: Unclassified  
Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3,  $\beta$ 1-6): Not classified  
pectin lyases: Unavailable

(g) eproductivetoxicity: Glycerol: Not classified - Does not affect fertility. Non-toxic for development.  
polygalacturonase: Unavailable  
potassium chloride: Unclassified  
Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3,  $\beta$ 1-6): Unavailable  
pectin lyases: Unavailable

(h) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure: Glycerol: Not classified Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and avoidance.  
polygalacturonase: Unavailable  
potassium chloride: Unclassified  
Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3,  $\beta$ 1-6): Unavailable  
pectin lyases: Unavailable

(i) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) repeated exposure: Glycerol: Not classified  
polygalacturonase: Unavailable  
potassium chloride: Unclassified  
Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3,  $\beta$ 1-6): Not classified  
pectin lyases: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction can occur upon subsequent exposure to very low levels.

(j) aspiration hazard: Glycerol: Inhalation: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract and other mucous membranes.  
polygalacturonase: Unavailable  
potassium chloride: Unclassified  
Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3,  $\beta$ 1-6): May cause sensitization by inhalation  
pectin lyases: Unavailable

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

No data available.

### 11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on available data, there are no substances that interfere with the Endocrine System in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/2100

## SECTION 12. Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

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Related to contained substances:

Glycerol:

Acute aquatic toxicity: Not classified

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Not classified  
LC50-96 h - fish 54000 mg / l Oncorhynchus mykiss  
EC50-48 h - Daphnia 1955 mg / l  
EC50-72 h - algae 3200 mg / l Entosiphon sulcatum  
Acute toxicity M-factor = 1  
Chronic toxicity M-factor = 1

polygalacturonase:

Acute toxicity - fish LC50 (mg / l / 96h): n.a.  
Acute toxicity - crustaceans EC50 (mg / l / 48h): n.a.  
Acute toxicity algae ErC50 (mg / l / 72-96h): n.a  
Chronic toxicity - fish NOEC (mg / l): n.a  
Chronic toxicity - crustaceans NOEC (mg / l): n.a  
Chronic toxicity algae NOEC (mg / l): n.a  
Acute toxicity M-factor = 1  
Chronic toxicity M-factor = 1

potassium chloride:

Acute toxicity - fish LC50 (mg / l / 96h): 880 (Pimephales promelas; (OECD method 203))  
Acute toxicity - crustaceans EC50 (mg / l / 48h): 440 (Daphniamagna; (OECD method 202))  
Acute toxicity algae EC50 (mg / l / 72h):> 100 (Desmodesmus subspicatus; (method OECD 201))  
Chronic toxicity - fish NOEC (mg / l): nd Chronic toxicity - crustaceans NOEC (mg / l): nd  
Chronic toxicity algae NOEC ( mg / l / 72h):> 100 (Desmodesmus subspicatus; (method OECD 201))  
Acute toxicity M-factor = 1  
Chronic toxicity M-factor = 1

Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3,  $\beta$ 1-6):

Acute toxicity - fish LC50 (mg / l / 96h): nd  
Acute toxicity - crustaceans EC50 (mg / l / 48h): nd  
Acute toxicity to algae ErC50 (mg / l / 72-96h): nd  
Chronic toxicity - fish NOEC (mg / l): nd  
Chronic toxicity - crustaceans NOEC (mg / l): nd  
Chronic toxicity to algae NOEC (mg / l): nd  
Acute toxicity M-factor = 1  
Chronic toxicity M-factor = 1

pectin lyases:

Acute toxicity - fish LC50 (mg / l / 96h): not available  
Acute toxicity - crustaceans EC50 (mg/l/48h) [1]: 2000 mg/l  
Acute toxicity - crustaceans EC50 (mg/l/48h) [2]: 212 mg/l  
Acute toxicity algae ErC50 (mg / l / 72-96h): not available  
Chronic toxicity - fish NOEC (mg / l): not available  
Chronic toxicity - shellfish NOEC (mg / l): not available  
Chronic toxicity algae NOEC (mg / l): not available  
Acute toxicity M-factor = 1  
Chronic toxicity M-factor = 1

Use according to good working practices and avoid to disperse the product into the environment.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

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Related to contained substances:

Glycerol:

Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable.

COD value 1.16 g O<sub>2</sub> / g substance

ThOD (gO<sub>2</sub> / g) 1.217 g O<sub>2</sub> / g substance

BOD (% of ThOD) 71% DTO

polygalacturonase:

Unavailable

potassium chloride:

It does not apply to inorganic substances.

Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3, $\beta$ 1-6):

Easily biodegradable

pectin lyases:

Readily biodegradable

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

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Related to contained substances:

Glycerol:

Log P octanol / water at 20 ° C -1.76 - 2.6

Kow log -1.76 Bioaccumulative potential

Not expected to bioaccumulate.

polygalacturonase:

Unavailable

potassium chloride:

It does not apply to inorganic substances.

Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3, $\beta$  1-6):

No bioaccumulation potential

pectin lyases:

not available

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

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Related to contained substances:

Glycerol:

ground Product that penetrates easily into the ground.

polygalacturonase:

Unavailable

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potassium chloride:  
It must have been very mobile in the ground.

Beta-glucanase ( $\beta$ 1-3,  $\beta$ 1-6):  
Unavailable

pectin lyases:  
not available

#### **12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

Based on the available data, no PBT or vPvB substances are present in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, annex XIII

#### **12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties**

Based on available data, there are no substances that interfere with the Endocrine System in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/2100

#### **12.7. Other adverse effects**

No adverse effects

### **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### **13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of them in accordance with the regulations in force. Any remaining product should be disposed of according to applicable regulations by addressing to authorized companies.  
Recover if possible. Operate according to local or national regulations

### **SECTION 14. Transport information**

#### **14.1. UN number or ID number**

Not included in the field of application of regulations concerning the transport of dangerous goods: by road (ADR); by rail (RID); by air (ICAO / IATA); by sea (IMDG).

#### **14.2. UN proper shipping name**

None

#### **14.3. Transport hazard class(es)**

None

**14.4. Packing group**

None

**14.5. Environmental hazards**

None

**14.6. Special precautions for user**

No data available.

**14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

Transport in bulk is not foreseen

**SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Restrictions relating to the product or the substances contained (Annex XVII EC Reg. 1907/2006): not applicable  
Substances in Candidate list (art. 59 EC Reg. 1907/2006): the product does not contain SVHC in percentage = a 0.1 %.

Regulation (EU) 1169/2011: see point 2.2

Regulation (EU) 1308/2013; see point 2.2

Regulation (EC) 1333/2008; see point 2.2

Regulation (EC) 1332/2008; see point 2.2

REGULATION (EU) No 1357/2014 - waste:HP13 - Sensitising

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

No chemical safety assessment was carried out by the supplier

**SECTION 16. Other information**

**16.1. Other information**

Points modified compared to previous release: 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture, 2.2. Label elements, 2.3. Other hazards, 3.2 Mixtures, 4.1. Description of first aid measures, 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes, 10.1. Reactivity, 10.4. Conditions to avoid, 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, 11.2. Information on other hazards, 12.1. Toxicity, 12.2. Persistence and degradability, 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential, 12.4. Mobility in soil, 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Description of hazard statements set out in paragraph 3

H315 = Causes skin irritation.

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H319 = Causes serious eye irritation.

H334 = May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335 = May cause respiratory irritation.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled Classification procedure:  
Calculation method

Main normative references:

Reg. (CE) n. 1907 del 18/12/06 REACH (Registration, Evaluation and Authorisation of CHemicals) et seq.

Reg. (CE) 1272/2008 CLP (Classification Labelling and Packaging) et seq.

Directive 2012/18/EU (on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances) et seq.

Training required: This document must be submitted to the employer to determine the possible need for appropriate training for workers to ensure protection of human health and the environment.

n.a.: not applicable

n.d.: not available

ADR: Accord européen relative au transport International des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimat

BFC: BioconCentration Factor

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service number

CAP: Centre AntiPoison

CE/EC number EINECS (European Inventory of existing Commercial Substances) e ELINCS (European List of notified Chemical Substances)

CL50/LC50: Lethal Concentration 50

DL50/LD50: Lethal Dose 50

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

EC50: half maximal Effective Concentration

ERC: Enviroment Release Classes

EU/UE: European Union

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods code

Kow: Octanol water partition coefficient

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT: Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PC: Product Categories

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration

PROC: Process Categories

RID: Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises dangereuses (Regulations concerning International rail transport of dangerous goods)

STOT: Target Organ Systemic Toxicity

STOT (RE): Repeated Exposure

STOT (SE): Single Exposure

STP: Sewage Treatment Plants

SU: Sector of Use

SVCH: Substance of Very High Concern

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

vPvB: Very Persistent Very Bioaccumulative

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References and Sources:

- ECHA Registered Substances:  
<https://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances>
- SDS raw material supplier
- GESTIS International Limit Value: <http://limitvalue.ifa.dguv.de>

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\*\*\* this tab annuls and replaces any previous edition.

Changes to the previous edition: general update.

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